

FIFTH EDITION THE LATEST NEWS.

FIRST EDITION REDDY THE BLACKSMITH.

The International Rowing Contest—Cuba Lost to Spain, According to Popular Opinion—The Carlist Risings in Europe—The Sale of Iron-Clads Interdicted.

A Desperate Character Arrested in his Career—The Arrest of his Past Life of Crime and Disgrace.

FROM EUROPE.

The International Yacht Race. By the Anglo-American Cable. LONDON, Aug. 21.—The Morning Post has an editorial to-day on the coming international yacht race, and says:—In a light wind and on smooth water there are several English yachts that may be relied upon to beat Mr. Bennett's yacht Dauntless at every point. The result of the recent race to Cherbourg and return, as a test, was marred by an accident to the Dauntless. The impression among yachtsmen is, that she does not stand to her canvas, and cannot compete successfully in heavy air more than she can in light weather; but, in going free, she probably would sail as fast or faster than do other vessels. A yacht race around the Azores Islands offers a fairer chance to test the qualities of all vessels. If the Americans will not sail around the Isle of Wight, or Ireland, or on a short home course, rather than forego a trial let us race around the Azores."

Harvard and Oxford. As the time for the international boat race between the Harvard and Oxford crews draws nigh, the excitement in sporting circles increases. Much of the space in the newspapers is given up to this subject.

The following extracts are made from to-day's journals:—From the Land and Water:—The balance seems to favor the Oxford crew. If the Americans win we will not only learn their new style of rowing, but how to maintain it. If the Harvard crew win after six weeks' exercise, without trying their best at any time, it will be an aquatic solution.

From the Saturday Review:—We do not attach any importance to the time made in training. If the Harvard crew win the race, we will acknowledge that our notions about our style of rowing are antiquated absurdities.

From the Spectator:—The opinions in respect to the crews and in regard to the chances of victory are nearly even. The public are indulging in the hope that the Harvard crew will show their strength. The course is a hard one, but the race is likely to be close. If the weather is bad the result will probably be in favor of Oxford. If good, the Harvards will win. A nice, slow English drizzle is the thing to take the heart out of the Americans. Regulations have been issued to keep the course clear for two hours before, and until the race is ended.

No Iron-Clad for Cuba. LONDON, Aug. 21.—It is reported that the order for an iron-clad to proceed to Cuba, on account of the detention of British vessels by the Cuban authorities, has been countermanded.

The Contest in Spain. MADRID, Aug. 21.—Notwithstanding the stories of invasion and insurrection, it is now believed that the Carlist movement is ended.

Brazil. LISBON, Aug. 21.—The regular mail steamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived, bringing dates from that city to the 20th of August. President Lopez was at Assuria. He had plenty of provisions, but was short of arms and ammunition and other war material. The allied army had marched on and captured Villa Rica, and were preparing to storm Assuria. Barreiro was likely to become President at Assuria.

Cuba Lost to Spain. PAIRIS, Aug. 21.—La France of to-day says Cuba is lost to Spain, and the wisest thing Spain can do is take advantage of the present situation.

Political. —Dr. Lees and Neal Dow are both to stump Ohio for the Temperance ticket.

—The Colorado election for delegates to Congress takes place September 14.

—The Nashville Journal, a Stokes organ, has suspended publication.

—It is surmised that ex-Senator Brown will receive the Conservative nomination for Governor of Mississippi. There will be no Democratic ticket.

—Curiosity is expressed in Ohio to see whether Vallandigham will take the stump for Pendleton. He must do it or lose caste among the Democracy.

—John Quincy Adams will accept the Democratic nomination for Governor of Massachusetts if tendered to him, though he does not desire it.

—The Republican Banner (Democrat), of Nashville, is disgusted with the New York World for claiming the result in Tennessee as a victory for the Democracy represented by the World.

—The Providence Journal says:—The New York Express denies that Hon. James Brooks was either a leader or a member of the old Know-Nothing party. Many of his friends this year must have labored under a misapprehension.

—The Lebanon (Tennessee) Herald announces, on the authority of a friend of General Stokes, direct from Alexandria, that the General accepts the situation, and bows to the verdict of the people. He will not interfere with the State Government.

—The newspapers of North Carolina are much exercised on the question of a suitable name for the new party which seems to be forming in the South. One suggests the name of "Constitutional Liberals," another "Liberal Republican," and another still, "Liberal."

—The Congressional election in Georgia will not take place until November, 1870, in accordance with an act passed by the late Legislature. In the meantime the State is represented in the National House of Representatives.

—The Worcester Spy says:—"The Judges of New York City have apparently given their whole attention to bringing discredit upon themselves and their office, and they have met with success as the persistent concentration of all one's powers upon a single purpose is almost certain to insure."

—Ex-Senator R. M. T. Hunter has written to the Conservative Executive State Committee of Virginia, urging, in any event, the postponement of the election of United States Senators until after the meeting of Congress, when, he expects, all disabilities will be removed.

—In his opening speech of the Ohio campaign, Governor Hayes says that the last Democratic Legislature had doubled the expenses of government; increased the local powers of creating indebtedness; and had thrown out a bill to authorize a home for soldiers' orphans, to be supported by private munificence, although there are fifteen hundred of them in the State needing aid, and two hundred in the poor house.

—Judge Leavitt, who has occupied the U. S. Court bench at Cincinnati for thirty-five years, intends to retire to private life.

—Robert Toombs, who has taken up the idea of calling his roll of slaves on Bunker Hill, is going to Lake Superior for his health.

NO WATER.

Chicago vs Bad Off as Philadelphia.

An accident of a serious nature occurred yesterday forenoon, which will affect the domestic comfort of the residents of the West Division to a rather unpleasant degree. About 11 o'clock the Lafrance, a vessel laden with lumber, was torn by the tug Crawford from the South Branch along the river in the vicinity of the Chicago avenue bridge. Contrary to the provisions of the city ordinance she was proceeding stern foremost and dragging her anchor, which struck the main pipe which supplies the West Division with water. The pipe runs parallel to the water works along Chicago avenue, and dips about three feet under the bed of the river. It is a two-foot pipe, and forms the principal main from which the entire West Side draws its supply of water. The leak was at once detected by an unworked connection in the river—the water boiling up from below and creating quite a current. The anchor chain of the vessel was broken, and the anchor was left at the bottom of the river.

Information of the occurrence was at once communicated to the Board of Public Works, who lost no time in taking the proper steps to remedy the evil. Messrs. Fox & Hinton surveyed their pile-driving machinery and material to the spot, and the workmen set about making the necessary preparations for building a cofferdam. Most of the afternoon was occupied in dragging the tug anchor, which the precise character of the injury done to the pipe could be ascertained. The leak appears to be a very heavy one, and its influence was quickly perceived throughout the entire West Division yesterday, by the slackening of the regular supply. The cost of erecting the coffer-dam and repairing the pipe will probably amount to over \$2400, while the inconvenience to citizens will be serious indeed. The supply from that quarter will have to be cut off for at least a week, and the only remaining sources of supply are a one-foot pipe which runs under the river at Adams street and a two-foot pipe crossing the river at 12th street. These will, to some extent, supply the demand, but very inadequately, inasmuch as the South Side has in the first place to be satisfied.

The West Side people will hear of the disaster with some alarm. Their prospects for at least a week to come are not pleasing to contemplate, and it is to be hoped that the Board of Public Works will see that the work of repairing the pipe is proceeded with vigorously by day and night, and without an hour's delay. The accident may also teach a useful lesson in causing the city ordinances to be more rigidly enforced. It appears that the ordinance prohibiting vessels from dragging their anchors in the river is never enforced. The result is a calamity which will be felt very deeply by a large portion of the community.

Now there are two other things to be done. One is to immediately arrest and prosecute all the lawless boatsmen who have so wantonly endangered the safety, health, and comfort of one hundred thousand people. If he were sent to prison for fifteen years, and his vessel confiscated, it would not be adequate compensation for what he has done. The second thing to be done is to immediately arrest and prosecute the man who is in charge of the tug, for he, too, is guilty of a crime. He should be sent to prison for a few days, at least, and he must go along with as little water as he can, using it judiciously in all parts of the city, and not squandering it. With such precautions and with unremitting labor on the part of the Board, we hope that the citizens of the West Division will get their water in trouble as possible.—Chicago Tribune, Aug. 19.

TRICHINA.

The Dreaded Parasite in the West.

From the Chicago Tribune of Aug. 19.

On last Saturday Dr. Hesser was called to treat the wife of a German on a Sackin street, who had been afflicted with the trichina, a parasite which had been introduced into her system by eating pork. The woman complained of being "sick all over." She said that her head ached; that her bones seemed ready to fall apart, and that each one seemed to possess its own individual pain. She said that she had been listening to her father, who had observed that every member of her family, consisting of a husband and nine children, looked sick, and that the father and four of the children seemed unusually indisposed. Upon inquiry he found that the youngest, but two years of age, had been ailing for two weeks from a disease unknown cause, and that the husband, a girl of fifteen, and two boys, aged thirteen and fourteen, had all complained of being indisposed for some days. They were afflicted with diarrhoea; complained of pains in the abdomen; their limbs had become stiff; while the muscles of the face and the whites of the eyes had been considerably swollen. They also complained of headache, pains in the chest, and experienced difficulty in breathing. At first the doctor believed the symptoms to have been caused by poison, and he accordingly questioned his patients regarding their diet. He learned that all had partaken of some raw ham, and the cause was soon made clear to him. The symptoms were those of trichina, and he began to treat them accordingly. Before the medicine could take effect, however, the patients became much worse, and the father, who, on Saturday, was in a regular, well, and hearty condition, was prostrated with the disease. Yesterday several of the patients were yet in considerable danger.

The ham, which was but a part of a whole one, had been procured from Mrs. Halber, residing at 115 S. 12th street. Her husband, on inquiry it was discovered that she was also suffering from the same cause, and was under the treatment of Dr. Merkle, of No. 377 State street. Her symptoms appeared less aggravated, however, owing to the fact that she had cooked her meat before eating it, and the parasites had perished in its raw state. The physicians then held a consultation, and both agreed as to the cause—trichina. Unfortunately no part of the ham, except a little of the melted fat, is left for examination, and that does not suffice for the purpose. The physicians will, however, endeavor to prevail upon some of their patients to allow them to possess themselves of a small portion of the muscles of the arm, but with this tender request none of them have been willing to comply.

Hamill.

The Pittsburg Commercial, in commenting on the recent defeat of the "Little Engine" by Coultter, says:—"Hamill's racing days are over, so far as competition with such oarsmen as Walter Brown and Henry Coultter, his more youthful rivals, are concerned. He did not in any part of yesterday's contest which came under the water, do much more than half his customary vigor, and this was remarked by many, who looked to see him maintain at least forty-five strokes to the minute. A remarkable circumstance was the change in the betting yesterday, which was on one side on the way up, usually ran down, but on Coultter winning the race. This change from the pool selling of the night previous rather astonished most people, and caused various surmises not at all complimentary to the contestants and their backers. They argued that if Hamill could pull over the course on every trial for days past in less than thirty-five minutes, he could certainly out-distance his competitor, whose best time was 38-30, and who claimed he would lose a minute on the upper course. Be all this as it may, whether the race was vigorously contested or not, or whether it was part of an alleged truce alliance between the prominent oarsmen to rotate the championship between them, a majority of those present yesterday are satisfied with the result. It will probably be used to caution people against betting on boat races, for they will do it over and over again, although there is nothing more uncertain."

SECOND EDITION LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

The Allen-Gallagher Prize-Fight—Decision of the Referee—Sun-Stroke in Cincinnati—European Quotations.

FROM THE WEST.

The Allen-Gallagher Prize-Fight—The Final Decision of the Referee.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 21.—There was unusual excitement among the fans here last evening, assembled at the St. Louis Saloon to hear the decision of the referee in the late fight, which is as follows:—"The way I look at this fight, according to the rules, the sponge has nothing to do with it. I consider that neither man won the fight, and therefore declare it a draw."

"LARRY WESSSEL." "Blacksmith Dan," one of the ring-keepers in the late prize fight, was arrested yesterday, on a requisition from the Governor of Ohio, on a charge of grand larceny in Cincinnati, for which city he leaves to-day.

Tom Allen yesterday received a letter from Wornald, asking him to have O' Baldwin make a match of \$5000, the fight to take place in Canada.

Sun-stroke. CINCINNATI, Aug. 21.—Two deaths from sun-stroke occurred in this city last evening.

Humboldt's Centennial. The German Association has decided to celebrate the centennial anniversary of Alexander Humboldt on the 14th of September.

FROM EUROPE.

This Morning's Quotations. By the Anglo-American Cable.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—A. M.—The weather continues fair and favorable for the growing crops. Consols for money, 93 1/2; for account, 93 1/2. American securities: U. S. 5-20s, of 1862, 54 1/2; of 1865, old, 53 1/2; of 1867, 52 1/2; U. S. 10-40s, 70 1/2; Erie Railroad, 19 1/2; Illinois Central, 9 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 21.—P. M.—Cotton opens a shade easier; middling uplands, 13 1/2 d.; middling Orleans, 13 1/2 d. The sales for to-day are estimated at 12,000 bales.

Red Wheat is quoted at 9s. 9d. @ 9s. 10d. Flour, 25s. 3d.

Whale Oil, 23s. 6d. A. M.—Whale Oil, 23s. 6d.

This Afternoon's Quotations. LONDON, Aug. 21.—P. M.—Consols closed at 93 1/2 for money, and 93 1/2 for account. American securities: U. S. 5-20s, of 1862, 54 1/2; of 1865, old, 53 1/2; of 1867, 52 1/2; U. S. 10-40s, 70 1/2; Erie Railroad, 19 1/2; Illinois Central, 9 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 21.—P. M.—Cotton is a shade easier; middling uplands, 13 1/2 d.; middling Orleans, 13 1/2 d. The sales have been 12,000 bales, of which 4000 bales were taken for export and speculation.

California Wheat, 47s. @ 48s. 1/2. Other articles as usual.

Evening Report of Markets. PARIS, Aug. 21.—The Bourse is firm; Rentes, 73r. 00c.

BRAYE, Aug. 21.—The Cotton market opens active and firm at 16 1/2 for both on the spot and at sea. FRANKFORT, Aug. 21.—U. S. bonds active and firm at 100.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—P. M.—Rentes are now quoted at 73r. 50c.

ANTWERP, Aug. 21.—Petroleum quiet and steady.

FRIGHTFUL.

A Man Gored to Death by an Infurated Steer.

From the Pittsburg Courier of August 20.

A fearful and fatal affair took place yesterday in West Newton, on the Pittsburg and Conneville Railroad, by which one man was killed and another received injuries that will probably prove fatal. A butcher residing in the town had purchased a milk cow, which he was driving to the slaughter house. The animal proceeded quietly through the streets of the town until near the slaughter pen, where, getting a scent of blood, it became furious and unmanageable. He rushed furiously down the main street of the town, attacking every person and anything that came in his way. While he was driving to the slaughter house, he made an attack upon a Mr. Jecly, who happened to be crossing the street in front of him, and striking him with his sharp horns, gored him in a most frightful manner, ripping open his abdomen and chest, tearing a portion of his neck, and leaving his heart exposed to view. Another gentleman, whose name we could not ascertain, fared but little better, as he was caught between the head of the infuriated animal and a fence and completely crushed. The maddened brute then turned his attention to a gentleman on the street, who, seeing his danger, started to run for a place of safety, closely pursued. Just at this instant, however, when the beast was about to strike him, he was torn down, and the animal fortunately struck his foot against a stone, and fell flat upon his face, and the bullock passed over him, and made a dash for some one else.

Some of the citizens had recovered from their panic by this time, and had armed themselves with rifles, and after shooting the animal seven times succeeded in killing him.

A gentleman informed us this morning that Mr. Jecly had died from the terrible injuries received. When struck he was near the school house, and his blood was from striking the walls and into the windows. The children, panic-stricken, fled up stairs. The other injured man is fatally hurt.

GENERALITIES.

The Baltimore Produce Market.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 21.—Cotton very firm at 35c. for middling uplands. Flour dull and prices weak. The inadequate supply of water for milling purposes, and the consequent light supply of flour, has a tendency to support prices. Howard street superfine is quoted at \$6 50 @ 6 75; extra do., \$7 25 @ 7 50; family do., \$8 00 @ 8 25; City Mills superfine, \$2 50 @ 2 75; extra do., \$2 75 @ 2 90; family do., \$3 50 @ 3 75; Western superfine, \$6 50 @ 6 75; do. extra, \$7 25 @ 7 50; family do., \$8 00 @ 8 25. Wheat dull and irregular; prime to choice red, \$1 00 @ 1 05; good, \$1 05 @ 1 10. Prime white, \$1 10 @ 1 15; yellow, \$1 15 @ 1 20. Oats dull at 35c. Rye dull at \$1 70 @ 1 75. Pork firm at \$4 for new mess; Bacon quiet; ribs, sides, 19c.; cured, 19c. @ 20c.; shoulders, 16c.; Hams, 24c. @ 25c. Lard firm at 20c. Whisky quiet, closing firm at \$1 20 and held at \$1 21.

The New York Produce Market. NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Cotton quiet; 200 bales Orleans middling at 25c. Flour—State and Western dull and regular; lowry superfine to fancy State, \$5 50 @ 5 75; superfine to choice white wheat Western, \$7 00 @ 8 00; Southern dull; common to choice extra, \$6 00 @ 1 75; California dull at \$6 00 @ 6 25; Wheat dull and 20c. lower; No. 2 good spring wheat, \$1 50. Corn dull and 1c. lower; new Western mixed, \$5c. @ 1 10 for sound, and \$1 10 @ 1 19 for sound. Oats dull; new Western and Southern, 32c. @ 33c.; Beet quiet; Pork dull; new mess, 83c.; prime, \$27 50 @ 28 50. Lard dull; in tierces at 19c. for steam-rendered, Whisky nominal at \$1 23 for free.

The Chicago party has brought home from California a last year's watermelon in perfectly good condition.

A Ulster minister reprehends the Good Templar meetings as being more for the purpose of distractions than to serve God or temperance.

An Indiana farmer has taken a good crop of mustard from a field planted with potatoes, and another has raised squashes from cucumber seed.

THIRD EDITION DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

Double Execution in Tennessee—Galvin and Moody Hung for the Murder of a Policeman—The Fete at Long Branch Last Evening.

FROM NEW JERSEY.

The Ball at the Continental Hotel, Long Branch, Last Evening—A Brilliant and Successful Fete.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 21.—The grand complimentary ball given last night at the Continental Hotel by the cottagers and sojourners at Long Branch, to Mr. William B. Barrows, proprietor of the "Continental," was a brilliant success, as far as style and splendor of dress was concerned. The intense heat prevented the attendance of a number of distinguished persons who had anticipated being present. The ball, unquestionably the most aristocratic one of the season, the attire of the ladies, the display of diamonds and precious jewels was dazzling. The ball-room was decorated superbly, and lighting, tastefully festooned, made the walls attractive. A large calcium light in front of the hotel threw a bright glare on the pathway that leads to the entrance of the building. Two bands, each of great numerical strength, were stationed in the ball-room, one at either end.

General George T. Meade, and Hon. Asa Packer, of Pennsylvania, were the most notable guests present.

Among the others were General Joshua T. Owen, of Philadelphia; Judge Dowling, Captain Jordan, Frank E. Howe, Henry Clegg, Frank Leslie, ex-Collector Shook, and John Hovey, of New York. There was a slight sprinkling of fashionable beauty from Philadelphia. Generals Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Governor Hoffman, and other notables were expected, but prior engagements prevented their attendance.

The weather to-day is stilling, and not a particle of air is stirring.

FROM THE WEST.

Double Execution in Tennessee Yesterday—A White Man and Negro Hung for the Murder of a Policeman.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 21.—The execution of James Galvin and Samuel Moody, the latter colored, has been the theme of conversation for several days. At an early hour yesterday morning crowds of people, mostly negroes, from the city and country began to assemble about the jail, and by one o'clock the vicinity was dense with people anxious to witness the execution. The men were to be executed at 10 o'clock, having killed Officer Featon in December, 1868. At 1:30 P. M. Sheriff Curry appeared with the prisoner Galvin, accompanied by Father O'Brien and a guard. Galvin mounted the scaffold with a firm tread, and apparently without any fear. Arrived upon the scaffold, the Sheriff read the decision of the Court, after which Galvin, with Father O'Brien, united in prayer, when Galvin, in response to a question from the Sheriff as to whether he had anything to say, stepped forward and addressed the crowd. He acknowledged to having fired the fatal shot, but said he did it in self-defense. After which religious service was read. Galvin's arms and legs were pinioned, and the cap placed over his head, the nose adjusted, and at 1:40 the drop fell. After hanging fifteen minutes the physicians pronounced life extinct, when his body was cut down and delivered to his mother.

Moody, the negro, accompanied by the minister and officers, ascended the steps of the scaffold at 2:10. The Sheriff read the death-warrant, and told Moody if he had anything to say to do so. Moody then, as often before, declared his innocence, warned all to keep out of bad company, said Bedford was the man who fired the shot, and that he was going to die for the crime of murder, but expressed a willingness to die, having experienced religion since his confinement. After this the colored clergyman, Mr. Rivals, offered a prayer and sang a hymn. Moody joined in the latter. At the conclusion Moody's arms and legs were pinioned, the cap was drawn over his head, and at 2:20 the door was again dropped. Fifteen minutes after, life had left the body. It was then cut down and delivered to his friends.

FROM ASPINWALL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—The steamer Arizona has arrived from Aspinwall, with \$39,100 in specie. Her advices from Aspinwall contain no news.

The Weather at the Seashore.

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 21.—9 A. M.—Weather clear, wind southwest; thermometer, 73.

CAPE MAY, Aug. 21.—Weather clear, wind southwest; thermometer, 77.

The New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Stocks firm. Money steady at 6 per cent. 4000, 1870; 5000, 1880; coupon, 12 1/2; do. 1864, do. 1871, do. 1885, do. 12 1/2; do. do. new, 12 1/2; do. 1867, 12 1/2; do. 1868, 12 1/2; do. 10-40, 70; do. 1870, 12 1/2; do. 1871, 12 1/2; do. 1872, 12 1/2; do. 1873, 12 1/2; do. 1874, 12 1/2; do. 1875, 12 1/2; do. 1876, 12 1/2; do. 1877, 12 1/2; do. 1878, 12 1/2; do. 1879, 12 1/2; do. 1880, 12 1/2; do. 1881, 12 1/2; do. 1882, 12 1/2; do. 1883, 12 1/2; do. 1884, 12 1/2; do. 1885, 12 1/2; do. 1886, 12 1/2; do. 1887, 12 1/2; do. 1888, 12 1/2; do. 1889, 12 1/2; do. 1890, 12 1/2; do. 1891, 12 1/2; do. 1892, 12 1/2; do. 1893, 12 1/2; do. 1894, 12 1/2; do. 1895, 12 1/2; do. 1896, 12 1/2; do. 1897, 12 1/2; do. 1898, 12 1/2; do. 1899, 12 1/2; do. 1900, 12 1/2; do. 1901, 12 1/2; do. 1902, 12 1/2; do. 1903, 12 1/2; do. 1904, 12 1/2; do. 1905, 12 1/2; do. 1906, 12 1/2; do. 1907, 12 1/2; do. 1908, 12 1/2; do. 1909, 12 1/2; do. 1910, 12 1/2; do. 1911, 12 1/2; do. 1912, 12 1/2; do. 1913, 12 1/2; do. 1914, 12 1/2; do. 1915, 12 1/2; do. 1916, 12 1/2; do. 1917, 12 1/2; do. 1918, 12 1/2; do. 1919, 12 1/2; do. 1920, 12 1/2; do. 1921, 12 1/2; do. 1922, 12 1/2; do. 1923, 12 1/2; do. 1924, 12 1/2; do. 1925, 12 1/2; do. 1926, 12 1/2; do. 1927, 12 1/2; do. 1928, 12 1/2; do. 1929, 12 1/2; do. 1930, 12 1/2; do. 1931, 12 1/2; do. 1932, 12 1/2; do. 1933, 12 1/2; do. 1934, 12 1/2; do. 1935, 12 1/2; do. 1936, 12 1/2; do. 1937, 12 1/2; do. 1938, 12 1/2; do. 1939, 12 1/2; do. 1940, 12 1/2; do. 1941, 12 1/2; do. 1942, 12 1/2; do. 1943, 12 1/2; do. 1944, 12 1/2; do. 1945, 12 1/2; do. 1946, 12 1/2; do. 1947, 12 1/2; do. 1948, 12 1/2; do. 1949, 12 1/2; do. 1950, 12 1/2; do. 1951, 12 1/2; do. 1952, 12 1/2; do. 1953, 12 1/2; do. 1954, 12 1/2; do. 1955, 12 1/2; do. 1956, 12 1/2; do. 1957, 12 1/2; do. 1958, 12 1/2; do. 1959, 12 1/2; do. 1960, 12 1/2; do. 1961, 12 1/2; do. 1962, 12 1/2; do. 1963, 12 1/2; do. 1964, 12 1/2; do. 1965, 12 1/2; do. 1966, 12 1/2; do. 1967, 12 1/2; do. 1968, 12 1/2; do. 1969, 12 1/2; do. 1970, 12 1/2; do. 1971, 12 1/2; do. 1972, 12 1/2; do. 1973, 12 1/2; do. 1974, 12 1/2; do. 1975, 12 1/2; do. 1976, 12 1/2; do. 1977, 12 1/2; do. 1978, 12 1/2; do. 1979, 12 1/2; do. 1980, 12 1/2; do. 1981, 12 1/2; do. 1982, 12 1/2; do. 1983, 12 1/2; do. 1984, 12 1/2; do. 1985, 12 1/2; do. 1986, 12 1/2; do. 1987, 12 1/2; do. 1988, 12 1/2; do. 1989, 12 1/2; do. 1990, 12 1/2; do. 1991, 12 1/2; do. 1992, 12 1/2; do. 1993, 12 1/2; do. 1994, 12 1/2; do. 1995, 12 1/2; do. 1996, 12 1/2; do. 1997, 12 1/2; do. 1998, 12 1/2; do. 1999, 12 1/2; do. 2000, 12 1/2; do. 2001, 12 1/2; do. 2002, 12 1/2; do. 2003, 12 1/2; do. 2004, 12 1/2; do. 2005, 12 1/2; do. 2006, 12 1/2; do. 2007, 12 1/2; do. 2008, 12 1/2; do. 2009, 12 1/2; do. 2010, 12 1/2; do. 2011, 12 1/2; do. 2012, 12 1/2; do. 2013, 12 1/2; do. 2014, 12 1/2; do. 2015, 12 1/2; do. 2016, 12 1/2; do. 2017, 12 1/2; do. 2018, 12 1/2; do. 2019, 12 1/2; do. 2020, 12 1/2; do. 2021, 12 1/2; do. 2022, 12 1/2; do. 2023, 12 1/2; do. 2024, 12 1/2; do. 2025, 12 1/2; do. 2026, 12 1/2; do. 2027, 12 1/2; do. 2028, 12 1/2; do. 2029, 12 1/2; do. 2030, 12 1/2; do. 2031, 12 1/2; do. 2032, 12 1/2; do. 2033, 12 1/2; do. 2034, 12 1/2; do.